FOCUS QUESTIONS FOR Grandparent Families

 Summarize the main ideas of Chapter 	· 2.
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2. What issues do you have to deal with that your grandparents did not?

- **3.** In the United States, how many grandparents are raising their grandchildren?
 - **A.** fewer than 200,000
 - B. more than two million
 - C. nearly 200 million
- **4.** Why can a grandfamily have challenges in the beginning?
 - **A.** The family forms because of a sudden change.
 - **B.** The family has more money than it needs.
 - **C.** The people in the family aren't related to one another.

- **5.** What does **resilience** mean in the *Grandparent Families* book?
 - Also, grandparents have been through a lot. They've learned how to handle life's challenges. Grandchildren can learn from this **resilience**.
 - A. a way of teaching older people new ideas
 - **B.** the ability to get through hard times
 - C. having children taking care of parents
- **6.** What does **communicating** mean in the *Grandparent Families* book? **Communicating** can help. Children can talk to adults they trust.
 - A. growing up with a new family
 - **B.** talking to another person
 - **C.** learning quickly

Answer Key for Grandparent Families

- 1. Answers will vary
- 2. Answers will vary
- **3**. B
- **4.** A
- **5.** B
- **6.** B

FOCUS QUESTIONS FOR Interfaith Families

1.	Write a	paragraph	explaining t	the main	ideas of	Chapter	3.
		paragrapii	CAP COLLINIS		iacas oi	Ci idp cci	•

2. What do you think are some of the best parts of being in an interfaith family? Why?

- 3. What is the most common religion in the United States?
 - **A.** Christianity
 - B. Buddhism
 - C. Islam
- **4.** How might being in an interfaith family help a kid deal with challenges?
 - **A.** An interfaith family is the most common type of family.
 - **B.** An interfaith family believes in only one right way to live.
 - C. An interfaith family already has differences.

- **5.** What does **diverse** mean in the *Interfaith Families* book? That's because people are **diverse**. They believe different things.
 - **A.** coming from small cities
 - **B.** having many different kinds
 - **C.** believing in the same things
- **6.** What does **discriminate** mean in the *Interfaith Families* book? People might act on those stereotypes. They treat others wrongly. They **discriminate**.
 - A. to stop an action after learning something new
 - **B.** to believe something that is correct and true
 - C. to treat someone unfairly based on a wrong idea

Answer Key for Interfaith Families

- 1. Answers will vary
- 2. Answers will vary
- **3**. A
- **4.** C
- **5**. B
- **6.** C

FOCUS QUESTIONS FOR Military Families

1. Write a paragraph explaining the main ideas of Chapter	1.	Write a	paragraph	explaining	the main	ideas of	: Chapter	2.
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2. Would you ever want to join the military? Why or why not?

- **3.** How often do most military families move?
 - A. every two months
 - **B.** every two to three years
 - C. every 20 years
- 4. Why would being in a different time zone make communication hard?
 - **A.** Family members are not awake at the same time.
 - **B.** Phones only work within one time zone.
 - **C.** Families are never allowed to talk to deployed parents.

- **5.** What does **transition** mean in the *Military Families* book? Family members can talk about the **transition**. They can discuss what routines might change.
 - A. a shift
 - **B.** a routine
 - C. a family
- **6.** What does **resilience** mean in the *Military Families* book?

 Many military children develop **resilience**. They learn how to deal with tough events. Then new challenges feel less scary.
 - **A.** an ability to scare other people away
 - **B.** an ability to stop hard things from happening
 - C. an ability to get better after a difficult event

Answer Key for Military Families

- 1. Answers will vary
- 2. Answers will vary
- **3**. B
- **4.** A
- **5**. A
- **6**. C

FOCUS QUESTIONS FOR Multiracial Families

1. Summarize the main ideas of Chapter	1.	Summarize	the	main	ideas	of	Chapter	4.
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2. What are some differences within your family?

- **3.** In the early 2020s, what percent of people in the United States were multiracial?
 - A. less than 1 percent
 - **B.** about 10 percent
 - C. more than 70 percent
- 4. How can experiencing different cultures teach people empathy?
 - **A.** They learn that all cultures are the same.
 - **B.** They learn that their way of communicating is the only way.
 - **C.** They learn about more ways other people feel and communicate.

- **5.** What does **emotions** mean in the *Multiracial Families* book? *Mixed-race kids are not always understood. In response, kids may have many emotions. They might feel angry. They might feel sad. Confusion can come up.*
 - A. feelings
 - **B.** answers
 - C. ages
- **6.** What does **expressing** mean in the *Multiracial Families* book? Still, **expressing** feelings is important. Kids can talk to trusted adults. Writing about it can help, too.
 - **A.** feeling something painful
 - **B.** putting something into words
 - **C.** listening to something closely

Answer Key for Multiracial Families

- 1. Answers will vary
- 2. Answers will vary
- **3**. B
- **4.** C
- **5**. A
- **6.** B

FOCUS QUESTIONS FOR Two-Dad Families

1.	Write a	paragraph	explaining t	the main	ideas of	Chapter	3.
		paragrapii	CAP COLLINIS		iacas oi	Ci idp cci	•

2. What are some ways your family is similar to and different from other families?

- **3.** What does the T in LGBTQ+ stand for?
 - A. two
 - **B.** treatment
 - **C.** transgender
- **4.** Why can kids in two-dad families feel proud?
 - **A.** Their parents took brave steps to form loving families.
 - **B.** Their families never feel upset about mistreatment.
 - C. Their families are the same as all other families.

- **5.** What does **discrimination** mean in the *Two-Dad Families* book? Other times, people might treat them differently. This treatment is a type of **discrimination**. It often takes the form of homophobia.
 - A. taking actions to become more similar to others
 - **B.** the forming of a new family through adoption
 - C. mistreatment of others because of who they are
- **6.** What does **mental health** mean in the *Two-Dad Families* book? They might feel angry or confused. As a result, kids' **mental health** may suffer.
 - A. how well or unwell someone's family is
 - **B.** how well or unwell someone's mind and emotions are
 - C. how well or unwell someone does in school

Answer Key for Two-Dad Families

- 1. Answers will vary
- 2. Answers will vary
- **3**. C
- **4.** A
- **5**. C
- **6.** B

FOCUS QUESTIONS FOR Two-Mom Families

1. Summarize the main ideas of Chapter 4	
	1
1. Duning be the main beas of Chapter 4	4.

2. What are some things about your family that make you feel proud? Why?

- **3.** What does the G in LGBTQ+ stand for?
 - **A.** gay
 - B. great
 - C. group
- **4.** How are mothers in two-mom families resilient?
 - **A.** They are strong enough to raise a family in a world that doesn't always understand them.
 - **B.** They raise their family to always be the same as everyone else.
 - C. They raise a family that avoids talking about complicated feelings.

- **5.** What does **assigned** mean in the *Two-Mom Families* book? Some moms are trans. A trans person's gender is different from what doctors or other adults **assigned** them at birth.
 - **A.** avoided
 - **B.** changed
 - C. selected
- **6.** What does **blended family** mean in the *Two-Mom Families* book? In the new relationship, the two moms raise the children. The other birth parent might still be part of the family. When that happens, it's a **blended family**.
 - **A.** families with kids from earlier relationships
 - **B.** families without any kids
 - C. families that look similar

Answer Key for Two-Mom Families

- 1. Answers will vary
- 2. Answers will vary
- **3**. A
- **4.** A
- **5.** C
- **6**. A